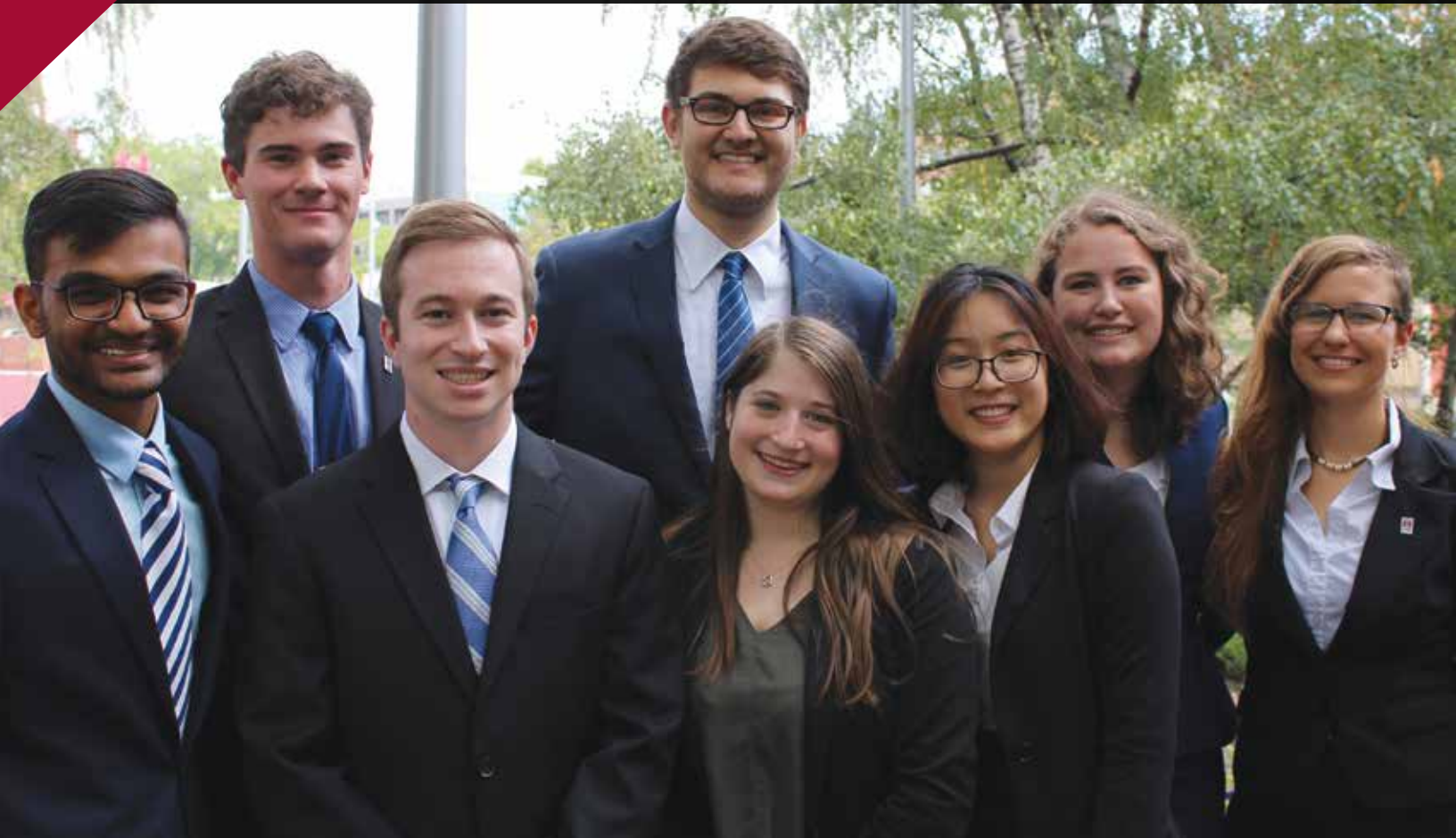


SPECIAL
ISSUE

The IBIT Report

In Partnership with the Association for Information Systems

Munir Mandviwalla
Crystal Harold
Maria Boggi



The Association for Information Systems & Temple University, Fox School of Business

INFORMATION SYSTEMS JOB INDEX

2017

LEARN ABOUT CAREERS IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS



ASSOCIATION FOR
INFORMATION SYSTEMS



Fox School of Business
TEMPLE UNIVERSITY®

INFORMATION SYSTEMS JOB INDEX 2017

EDITORIAL TEAM

Munir Mandviwalla
Temple University

Crystal Harold
Temple University

Maria Boggi
Temple University

Wyndetryst Graphic Design Studio
Design & Editing | www.wyndetryst.com

Joseph Allegra
Photography

NATIONAL ADVISORY BOARD

Susan Brown
University of Arizona

Shawn Curley
University of Minnesota

Jane Fedorowicz
Bentley University

Robert G. Fichman
Boston College

Joey George
Iowa State University

David Hale
University of Alabama

Tim Hill
San Jose State University

Sirkka Jarvenpaa
University of Texas, Austin

Lorne Olfman
Claremont Graduate University

Robin Poston
University of Memphis

Jayesh Prasad
University of Dayton

Bala Ramesh
Georgia State University

Rajiv Sabherwal
University of Arkansas

Raghu Santanam
Arizona State University

Radhika Santhanam
University of Oklahoma

Jason Thatcher
Clemson University

Andrew Wasser
Carnegie Mellon University

The IBIT Report

The IBIT Report is a publication for the members of the Fox School's Institute for Business and Information Technology. IBIT reports provide actionable knowledge to industry based on rigorous academic research and vendor neutral analysis. Each report focuses on an important topic of interest to our members.

ibit.temple.edu

About the Job Index

The AIS-Temple Fox School Information Systems Job Index is the only systematic assessment of IS placement, demographics, type of jobs, search, acceptance, geographical patterns, and knowledge level of more than 2100 information systems (IS), management information systems (MIS), and computer information systems (CIS) recent graduates from 58 universities across the nation.

isjobindex.com

Sponsors

Thanks to the following organizations for making the 2017 report possible.



This special issue of The IBIT Report published by:

Institute for Business and Information Technology

Fox School of Business, Temple University
1810 N. 13th Street, 210 Speakman Hall
Philadelphia, PA 19122

E-mail: ibit@temple.edu | Web: ibit.temple.edu | 215.204.5642

In partnership with:

Association for Information Systems

P.O. Box 2712

Atlanta, GA 30301-2712 USA

E-mail: onestop@aisnet.org | Web: www.aisnet.org

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, without the prior written permission of the Publisher. General inquiries and requests to the Publisher for permission should be addressed to Institute for Business and Information Technology, Fox School of Business, Temple University, 210 Speakman Hall (006-00), 1810 N. 13th Street, Philadelphia, PA 19122, USA, 215-204-5642, or ibit@temple.edu.

Report Highlights

- 4 2017 IS Snapshot
- 6 Participating Colleges & Universities
- 8 Profile of an IS Student
- 10 Salaries & Offers Overview
- 12 Salaries & Offers by Region
- 13 Representation by Gender & International Students
- 14 Representation by Industry
- 16 Salaries & Offers by Industry
- 17 Salaries & Offers by Job Type
- 18 Placement Experience
- 19 Offer—Acceptance & Internships
- 20 Knowledge Level vs. Salary
- 21 Top & Bottom 3 Knowledge Self Ratings
- 22 About the Authors



STUDENT HIGHLIGHTS

- *Page 17:* Information Security Analyst for Bachelor's and Software/Application Development jobs for Master's **receive the highest salaries**. Data/Analytics jobs are the most common.
- *Page 19:* An internship **almost doubles** the likelihood of getting a job offer.



PARENT HIGHLIGHTS

- *Page 10:* Salaries for IS graduates are **higher than typical business majors** for both Bachelor's and most Master's degrees.
- *Page 18:* Bachelor's IS placement is **more than 50% higher** than the national cumulative placement rate.



FACULTY HIGHLIGHTS

- *Page 20:* IS Bachelor's received **significantly higher salary offers** when they report advanced IS, business, and foundational knowledge in contrast to just awareness or literacy.
- *Page 18:* Placement for Master's IS students was **significantly lower at graduation** than in previous years but caught up at the six month mark.



EMPLOYER HIGHLIGHTS

- *Page 19:* Fairness is the **most important reason** that graduates accept or reject a job offer.
- *Page 13:* The percentage of females in IS are **about double** compared to other STEM fields such as Computer Science.



2017 IS Snapshot

About the IS Industry

Information Systems (IS) professionals apply and develop Information Technology (IT) in organizations, and comprise a significant portion of the IT labor market.

WHO ARE THESE PROFESSIONALS AND WHAT DO THEY DO?

- System and Business Analysts
- Application & Software Developers
- Data Analysts
- Chief Information Officers (CIO) & Chief Technology Officers (CTO)



They focus on **technology** and a domain of application and are experts in developing, applying, modifying, and strategizing technology to leverage new **IT enabled opportunities**. IS professionals work with other business professionals relying on computer scientists and engineers to create platforms while focusing on applying requirements and integrating technologies to **design solutions** that **solve business problems** and **lead digital strategy & innovation**.

The 2017 IS Job Market is Healthy



Job Placement Rate

	At Graduation	6-Months after Graduation
Bachelor's:	74%	85%
Master's:	39%	74%



Confidence in Job Market

Bachelor's: **68%**
Master's: **52%**



Average Salary

Bachelor's: **\$62,820**
Master's: **\$72,517**

Bachelor's in IS

A bachelor's in IS is in the **top 5 business degrees** and **top 10 degrees overall** demanded by employers. (Nace, 2018)



Master's in IS

A master's in IS is among the **top 5 graduate degrees** demanded by employers. (Nace, 2018)

ABOUT THE IS JOB MARKET

In 2017, there were an estimated **3 million jobs** in the U.S. relevant to IS.

There are approximately **1,300 IS programs** in the U.S., which are typically offered in **Business Schools**, as well as in a few standalone Information Schools or integrated with Computer Science.

IS programs are classified as **STEM** and are typically called:

- Management Information Systems (MIS)
- Information Systems (IS)
- Computer Information Systems (CIS)



The recruitment, mindset, education, demographics, career paths, skills, and jobs of IS professionals are different and yet remain poorly understood. Despite its large and growing size, the IS labor market is largely hidden because it is mixed with computer scientists and computer engineers.

IS Students are Happy About Their Future Jobs



Average IS salaries have **increased about 9%** since 2015.



Enthusiasm about Job Offer

Bachelor's: **81%**
Master's: **60%**



Offer from Appealing Organization

Bachelor's: **84%**
Master's: **74%**

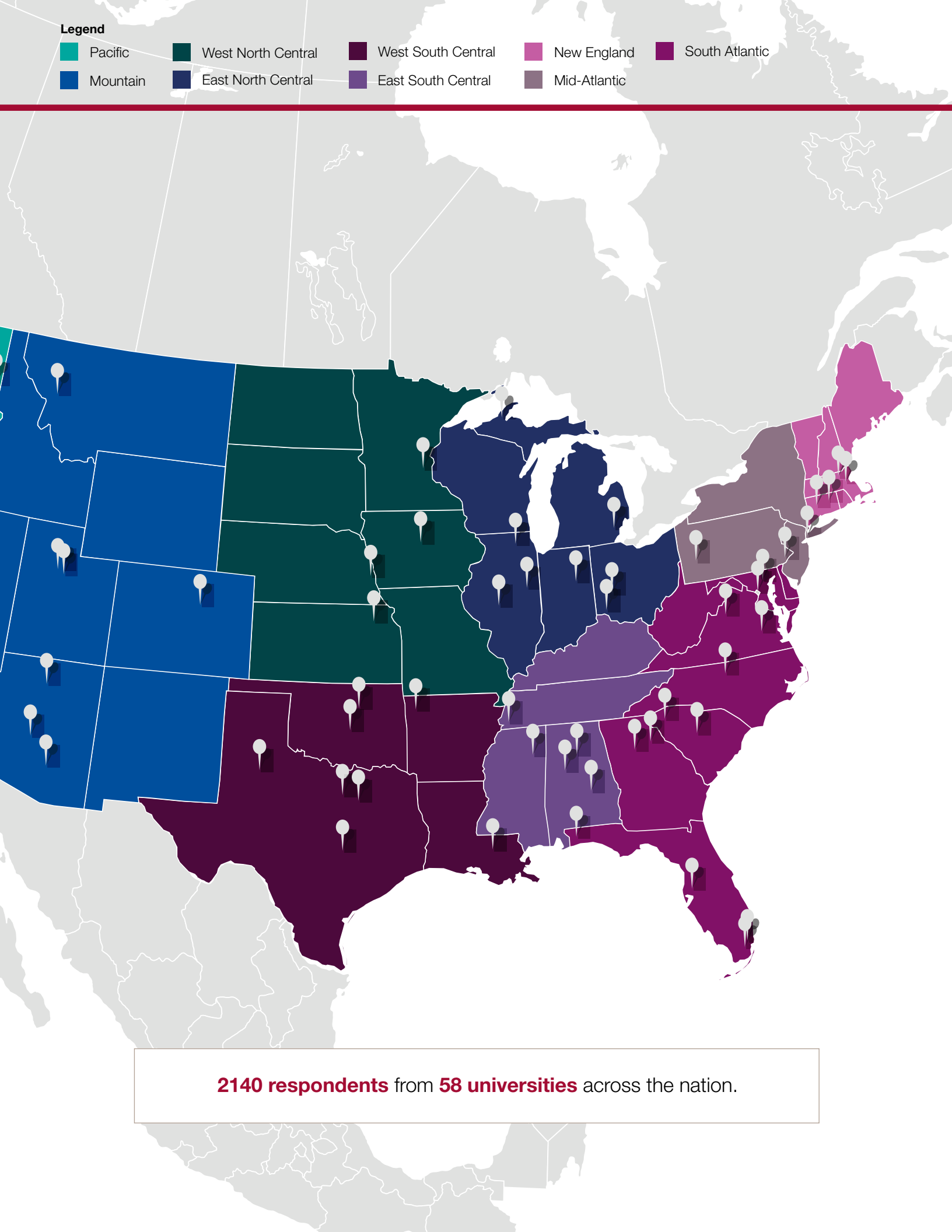
Participating Colleges & Universities *by* REGION

Thanks to **34 universities** across the nation that agreed to formally participate in the IS Job Index.



Legend

- Pacific
- West North Central
- West South Central
- New England
- South Atlantic
- Mountain
- East North Central
- East South Central
- Mid-Atlantic



2140 respondents from **58 universities** across the nation.

Profile of an IS Student

FAST FACTS

Based on **2140 respondents** from **58** universities across the nation.



A quick look at the
2017 Graduating Class

UNDERGRADUATE

Age 23

About 2.75 Years
of Experience

GRADUATE

Age 28

About 4.5 Years
of Experience



The 2017 IS graduating
class is **about 60% male.**

Bachelor's
39%
Master's
36%



Bachelor's
61%
Master's
64%

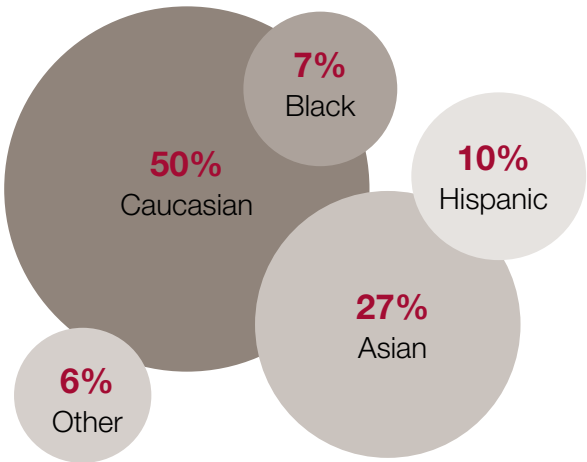


The percentage of female IS graduates is
up 7 percentage points from 2013.

Read more about the slowly
vanishing gender gap
in IS **on page 13.**



In 2017, the Bachelor's graduating class is about half **White** and increasingly **Asian**.



Read more about how IS student's ethnicities compare to other fields and about Master's students **on page 13**.



PLACEMENT

Bachelor's

AT GRADUATION

6 MONTHS AFTER GRADUATION

74%

85%

Master's

AT GRADUATION

6 MONTHS AFTER GRADUATION

39%

74%

Read more about what impacts placement **on pages 13, 18 and 19**.

Salaries & Offers OVERVIEW

The average offer **increased** for both bachelor's and master's students from 2013 to 2017.

BACHELOR'S



21% higher than the average offer to business school graduates at **\$52,047**
(Nace, Spring 2017)

MASTER'S



3% higher than the average offer to business school graduates at **\$74,551**
(Nace, Spring 2017)

Salaries for IS graduates are higher than typical business majors for both Bachelor's and most Master's degrees.
(Nace, 2017)

Overall, IS salaries are **growing slowly** in contrast to the high demand and high placement.

BACHELOR'S

INFORMATION SYSTEMS



ACCOUNTING



FINANCE



MARKETING



MASTER'S

INFORMATION SYSTEMS



ACCOUNTING



FINANCE



MARKETING





CASE STUDY

AmerisourceBergen Corporation

AmerisourceBergen is a global pharmaceutical sourcing and distribution services firm focused on improving patient access to products and enhance patient care. Ranked #11 on the Fortune 500, the firm has \$145 billion in annual revenue with about 19,000 employees.



Dale Danilewitz, currently executive vice president and chief information officer has been leading the digital transformation of the firm since 2012. Danilewitz’s vision is to create an enablement culture so that the 1,000 or so IT employees (plus about 1,000 contractors) are focused on business outcomes, services, engagement with customers in the field, and stay open to challenging norms and taking risks.

Under Danilewitz’s leadership, the firm has made a concentrated effort to recruit and engage the next generation of IT workers out of college. IT drives its own talent strategy, focusing on information systems programs that tend to produce well-rounded graduates compared to computer science. The firm values digital natives with expertise in technology as well as communication, problem solving, and a desire to engage with others.

According to Danilewitz “the younger generation is attracted to firms with purpose” so the healthcare mission and values of AmerisourceBergen are a positive in recruitment, while the company wide digital transformation generates excitement. It is also important to remain authentic with new hires by showing consistency and sincerity of purpose (e.g., by engaging in community service), while allowing motivated high performers to express themselves in special projects.

The talent strategy is about building for the long-term. It recognizes that the younger generation are more direct about their needs, will move jobs frequently so the strategy is more about creating a positive environment for high performers than

about retention statistics. Still, the overall retention numbers are above the industry norm. The strategy also focuses on partnerships with select academic institutions to engage prospective hires early through an extensive internship program as well as mentorship, projects, and speaking in classes.

Location and space are important aspects of recruitment. New offices are close to public transportation and urban areas, while workspaces are more open to support agile and collaborative work that requires informal interaction.

There is also recognition of work-life balance in that employees have some flexibility on their hours, however, according to Danilewitz “workers also need to understand that engagement is difficult to achieve at home.” The corporate network is open to day-to-

day personal ‘life’ activities such as social media and banking, recognizing that the distinction between home and work is becoming more fluid.

The strategy and techniques to bring in new blood have also affected established workers, who over time embraced the open spaces and other changes. For the future, and consistent with the new open culture, Danilewitz is considering replacing formal annual performance reviews with short weekly updates between managers and supervisors.



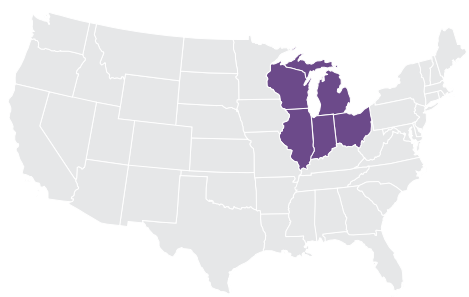
Location and space are important aspects of recruitment. New offices are close to public transportation and urban areas.

Salaries & Offers *by* REGION

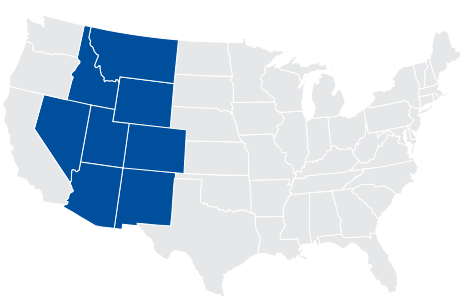
	BACHELOR'S					MASTER'S				
	MOVEMENT PATTERNS		SALARY	SALARY CHANGE		MOVEMENT PATTERNS		SALARY	SALARY CHANGE	
	From ↓	To ↑		2015	2013	From ↓	To ↑		2015	2013
PACIFIC	5%	37%	\$69,988	17%	26%	90%	\$90,847	58%		
MOUNTAIN	34%	8%	\$61,350	28%	12%	27%	\$71,531		10%	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	14%		\$57,722		5%	67%	\$65,000	2%	30%	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	15%	43%	\$65,652	26%	23%	50%	\$71,852	19%	14%	
NEW ENGLAND	29%	4%	\$65,760	5%	11%	75%	\$79,000	-6%	13%	
MID-ATLANTIC	12%	49%	\$66,308	5%	22%	59%	\$73,880	-4%	33%	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	10%	19%	\$62,994	8%	8%	21%	\$66,849	16%	27%	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	64%		\$52,143	-8%	-5%	50%	\$66,333	-7%	-6%	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	17%	18%	\$60,531	3%	6%	42%	\$71,991	3%	11%	

Notes: There was insufficient data to report on the cells with missing data. 'Move from' is location of university, 'move to' is location of accepted job.

39% of Master's and **22%** of Bachelor's IS students move to a job **outside the region** in which they got their degree.



The **East North Central** region has shown consistent and **significant salary increases** over time of over 20% for Bachelor's and near 20% for Master's IS students.

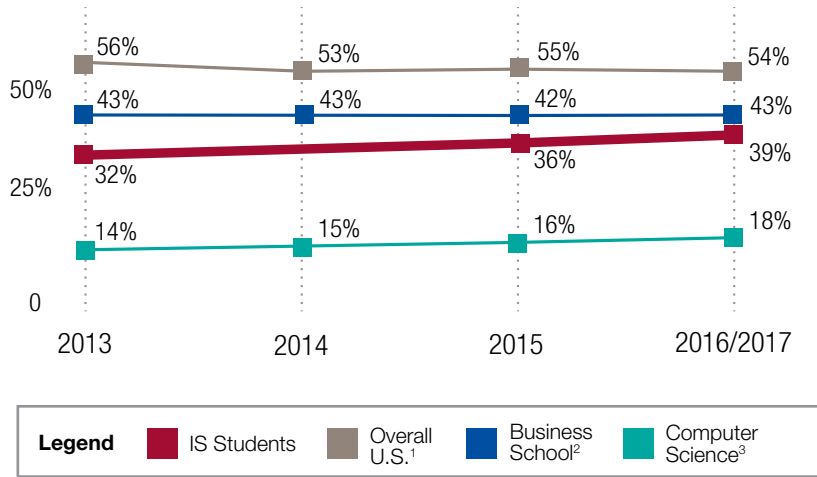


Bachelor's students in the **Mountain** region saw the **highest increase in salary** of 28% compared to 2015.

Representation *by* GENDER AND INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

Female representation continues to improve year to year in IS.

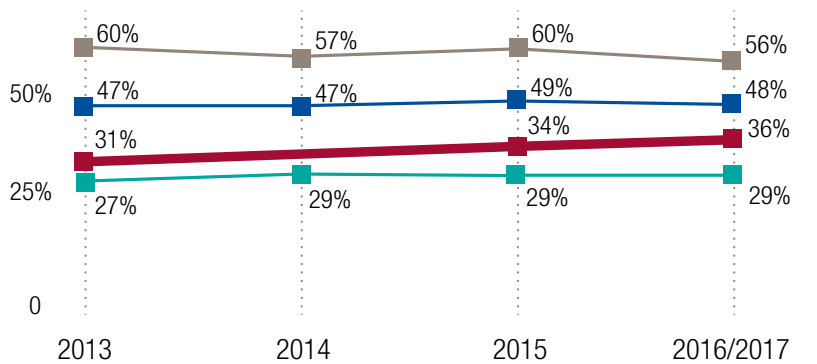
BACHELOR'S



The percentage of females in IS are **about double** compared to other STEM fields such as Computer Science.

Gender based salary differences are **statistically insignificant**.⁴

MASTER'S

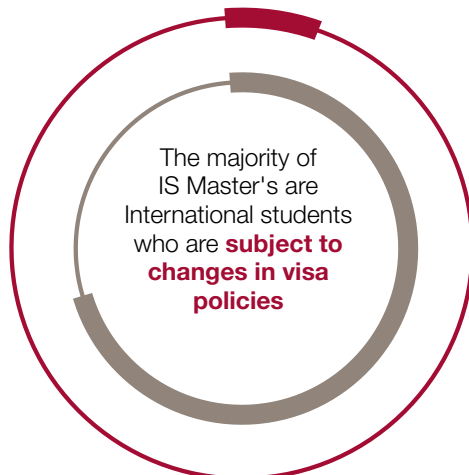


IS female job placement is **higher than males** for both Bachelor's (72% vs. 68%) and Master's (54% vs. 46%).

IS Domestic vs. International Students

7% Bachelor's Degree International Students

71% Master's Degree International Students



International IS Masters Placement

AT GRADUATION

6 MONTHS AFTER GRADUATION

23%

74%

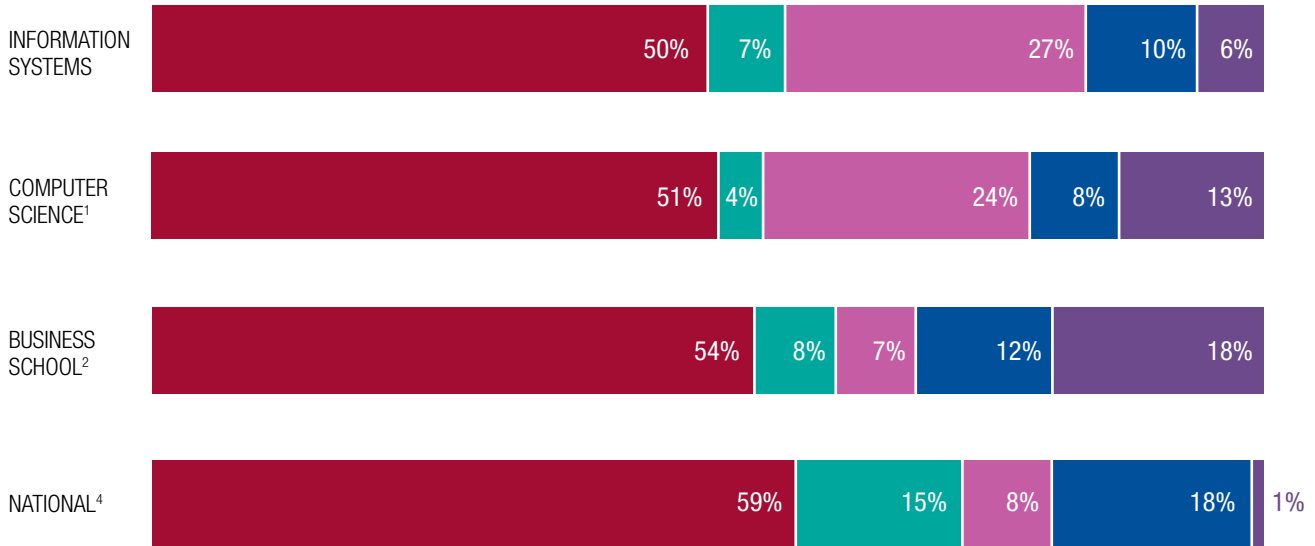
1. US Census Bureau, College Enrollment, October 2016
2. AACSB, Degrees Conferred, 2015-16

3. Taubee Survey, Degrees Awarded, 2016
4. Independent Samples T-Test at 95% Confidence. Contact the author for further details.

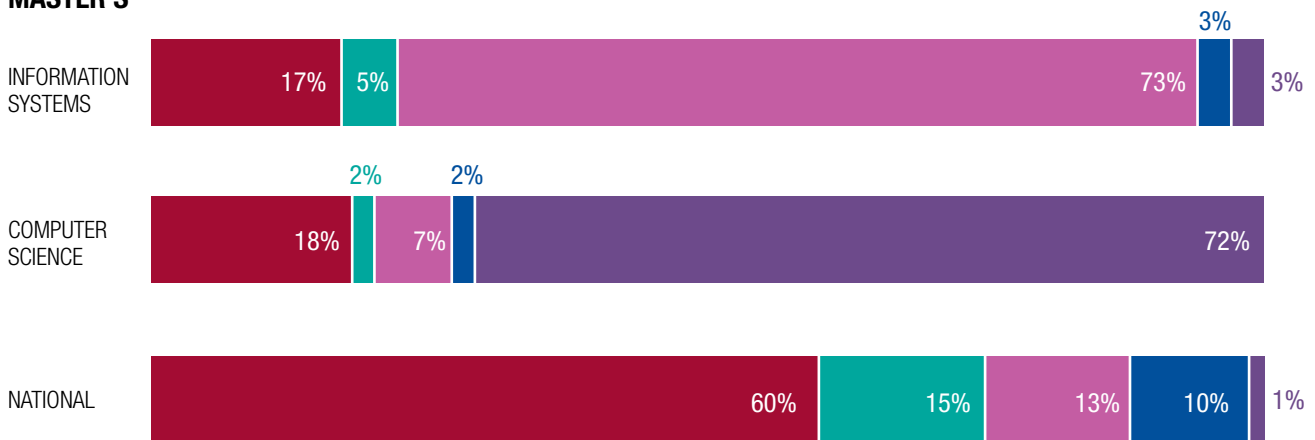
Representation *by* ETHNICITY

In 2017, **race based salary differences** are statistically significant³.

BACHELOR'S



MASTER'S



IS graduates include relatively **more Asians** and **fewer Blacks and Hispanics** than college students in general.

The ethnic breakdown of IS graduates is **comparable to Computer Science.**



CASE STUDY

Liquidhub, Inc.

LiquidHub is a digital experience service provider, co-founded by Jonathan Brassington, CEO and Partner in 2001. Their focus on technology, business services, and customer experience has led to rapid growth. Ranked #67 on *Forbes* list of 'most promising companies', the firm has 19 offices and about 3,000 employees worldwide.



As CEO, Brassington leads rapid growth working closely with Recruiting, which is a key entrepreneurial partner. As a professional services firm, they need talent that can contribute immediately in engaging with clients. This lends itself to a recruiting strategy that focuses more on experienced professionals rather than recent college hires, although they do still hire college graduates.

According to Brassington, "entry-level type workers are more demanding and direct about what they need while being more open to learning and doing different kinds of things in the near term." This is in sharp contrast to the traditional model of developing a consistent set of skills over a long term. Entry level expect to change jobs every 2 years or so; "they have a 'gig'economy perspective."

The talent strategy is flexible to accommodate growth. Entry-level hires go into a leadership development program, whose goal is to get them in front of clients as soon as possible. This program has worked well, while the internship program has had mixed success primarily because of the need for client engagement. New employees of 3-5 years of experience with specific skills, certifications, vertical or horizontal industry knowledge, go into an internal resource pool managed by Recruiting, supplemented as needed by contract firms.



Entry-level type workers are more demanding and direct about what they need while being more open to learning and doing different kinds of things in the near term.

As part of the talent strategy, LiquidHub completely redesigned its offices around the principles of transparency, openness, and collaboration. The floor plan is open; there are no closed-door offices. Brassington's desk is out in the open - the same as the rest of LiquidHub's Associates. The culture is evolving so that it is okay for others near your desk to hear conversations that in the past would occur behind closed doors. One consequence of this change is that disagreements and debates are more visible, this in turn has caused many to refine their approach to feedback, while others that did not buy into the open culture have left the firm. According to Brassington, "in a transparent culture, influenced by the openness and directness of millennials, it is even more important to let people go that do not fit or who are poor performers." Yet, they have a relatively low turnover for a professional services firm.

Location is a major consideration in the talent strategy. Brassington believes that to acquire and retain talent, they need to provide a city location. This is especially important for millennial and entry-level employees. As the firm continues to evolve, location will remain a key consideration in acquisition and growth plans.

SALARY BY SIZE OF ORGANIZATION

Bachelor's Students

	Salary	% of Graduates
VERY SMALL (1-100 Employees)	\$53,000	4%
SMALL (101-1,000 Employees)	\$54,448	8%
MID-SIZED (1,001-5,000 Employees)	\$59,265	11%
LARGE (5,001-10,000 Employees)	\$60,404	11%
VERY LARGE (10,001 or more Employees)	\$65,397	66%

77% of Bachelor's and **66%** of Master's IS graduates **accept jobs** in very large or large firms

SALARY BY SIZE OF ORGANIZATION

Master's Students

	Salary	% of Graduates
VERY SMALL (1-100 Employees)	\$57,667	5%
SMALL (101-1,000 Employees)	\$62,984	14%
MID-SIZED (1,001-5,000 Employees)	\$73,561	16%
LARGE (5,001-10,000 Employees)	\$68,893	8%
VERY LARGE (10,001 or more Employees)	\$76,237	58%

BACHELOR'S | Salary Breakdown by Industry

INDUSTRY	Salary	% of Graduates
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	\$66,314	21%
CONSUMER PRODUCTS / WHOLESALE / RETAILER / DISTRIBUTOR	\$66,250	3%
FINANCIAL SERVICES / BANKING / ACCOUNTING	\$63,708	15%
BUSINESS SERVICES / CONSULTING	\$63,098	25%
INSURANCE / REAL ESTATE / LEGAL	\$61,200	7%
BIOTECHNOLOGY / PHARMACEUTICAL / HEALTHCARE / MEDICAL	\$60,502	7%
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	\$60,470	2%
MANUFACTURING	\$56,765	4%

25% of IS Bachelors accept jobs in the Business Services / Consulting field

MASTER'S | Salary Breakdown by Industry

INDUSTRY	Salary	% of Graduates
FINANCIAL SERVICES / BANKING / ACCOUNTING	\$77,725	10%
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	\$77,297	27%
CONSUMER PRODUCTS / WHOLESALE / RETAILER / DISTRIBUTOR	\$72,222	5%
BUSINESS SERVICES / CONSULTING	\$69,808	13%
MANUFACTURING	\$68,992	7%
BIOTECHNOLOGY / PHARMACEUTICAL / HEALTHCARE / MEDICAL	\$65,768	6%
EDUCATION	\$63,695	6%

Salaries & Offers by JOB TYPE

About the Data: Job types with less than 10 responses omitted below.

BACHELOR'S | Salary Breakdown by Job Type

JOB CATEGORY

INFORMATION SECURITY ANALYSTS

\$70,591

OTHER IT/IS JOB CATEGORY

\$68,872

SOFTWARE / APPLICATIONS DEVELOPERS

\$66,589

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ADVISORS / CONSULTANTS

\$65,338

PROJECT MANAGERS

\$60,936

DATA ANALYTICS

\$61,896

COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS

\$61,542

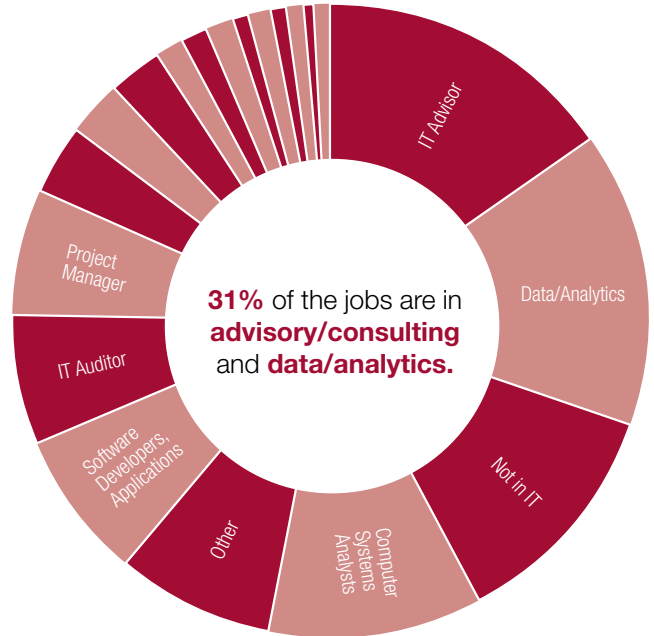
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AUDITORS

\$59,515

COMPUTER SUPPORT SPECIALIST

\$43,034

Bachelor's salaries for Data, Security Analysts, and Application Developers have grown **34%**, **21%**, and **18%** respectively since 2013



In 2013, **31% of Bachelor's IS students** received Systems Analyst offers, in 2017 this was down to **11%**.

MASTER'S | Salary Breakdown by Job Type

JOB CATEGORY

SOFTWARE / APPLICATIONS DEVELOPERS

\$92,050

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ADVISORS / CONSULTANTS

\$79,235

PROJECT MANAGERS

\$76,385

DATA ANALYTICS

\$71,263

INFORMATION SECURITY ANALYSTS

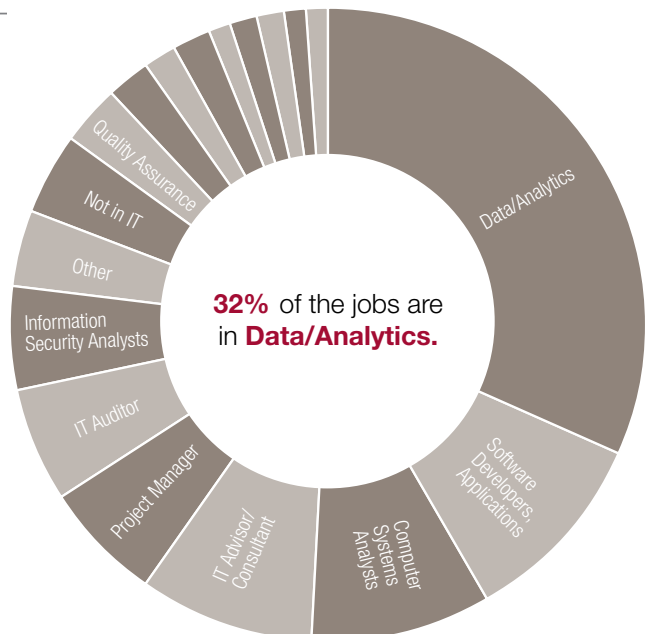
\$67,300

COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS

\$66,763

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AUDITORS

\$62,409

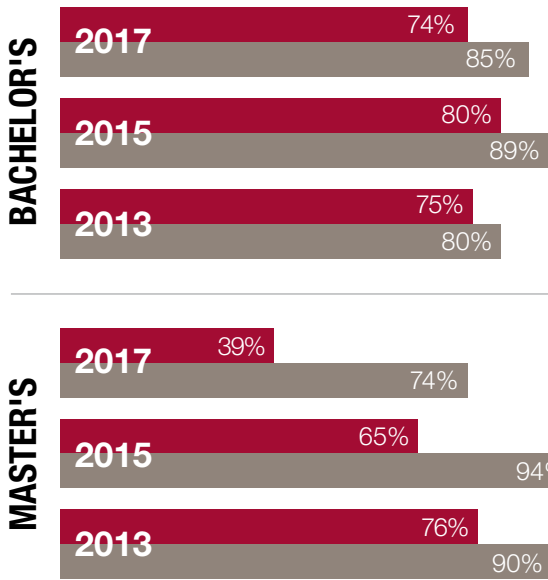


Master's salaries for Software Application Developers have grown **49%** since 2013

Placement & Experience

Job Placement [^]

■ AT GRADUATION
■ 6 MONTHS AFTER GRADUATION



Bachelor's IS placement of 74% upon graduation and 85% six months post graduation is **significantly higher** than the national cumulative placement rate of 49%³.

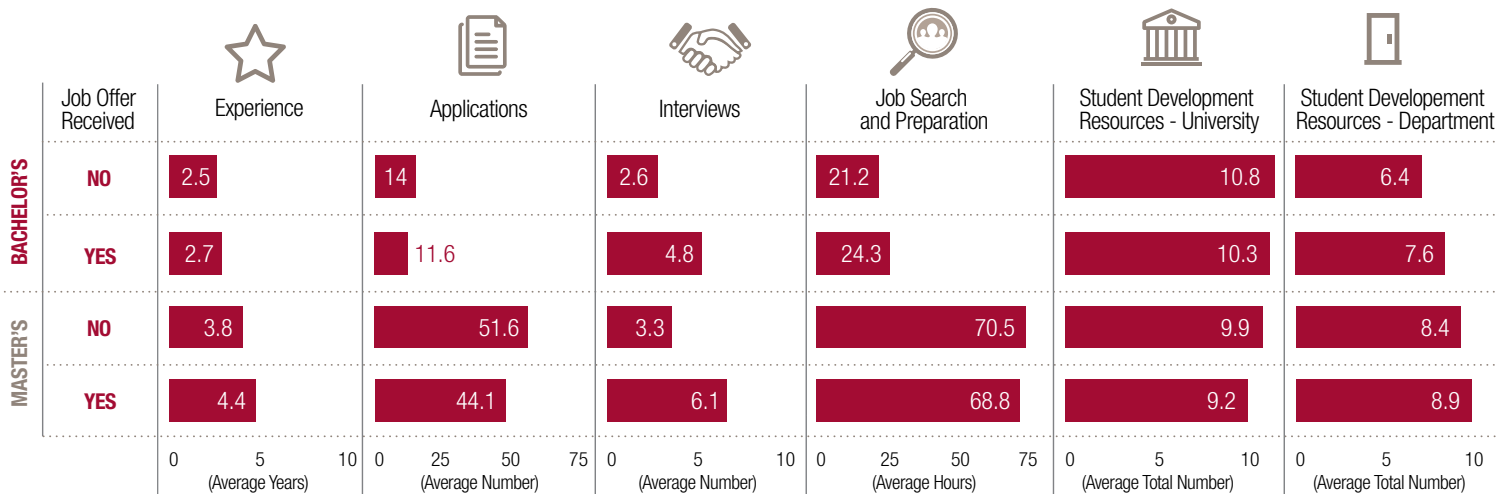
In 2017, **placement for Master's IS students** was **significantly lower at graduation** than in previous years but caught up at the six month mark.

Confidence in the job market has gone down from 70% in 2015 to 52% in 2017 in Master's IS graduates.

Placement in IS **continues to do well** over the last 5 years.

Departmental student **development resources matter more** for Bachelor's IS students than overall university resources

What Impact Offers?





[^] Placement is based on student's reporting their job status at the time the survey was administered. The survey was distributed to the graduating or recently graduated students of each participating university during April - May 2017. Offers received after a particular student completed the survey are not reflected in the above analysis.



³. NACE 2017 Student Survey Report.

Offer—Acceptance & Internships

Why BACHELOR'S Accept/Reject Offers

Why MASTER'S Accept/Reject Offers

 ACCEPT	 REJECT
MOST IMPORTANT REASONS Process Fairness Job Fit Reputation	MOST IMPORTANT REASONS Process Fairness Recruiter Reputation
LEAST IMPORTANT REASONS Organization Job Compensation	LEAST IMPORTANT REASONS Job Organization Job Fit

 ACCEPT	 REJECT
MOST IMPORTANT REASONS Process Fairness Job Fit Reputation	MOST IMPORTANT REASONS Process Fairness Reputation Values
LEAST IMPORTANT REASONS Compensation Organization Recruiter	LEAST IMPORTANT REASONS Compensation Job Organization

DEFINITIONS

JOB: Challenging, interesting, enjoy, freedom
JOB FIT: Looking for, match, skills, requirements
COMPENSATION: Salary, bonuses, benefits

ORGANIZATION: Size, location, coworkers, supervisor, facilities, environment
VALUES: Culture, work/life, values
REPUTATION: Reputation, distinctive, prestigious

RECRUITER: Answer questions, knowledgeable, informative, valuable
PROCESS FAIRNESS: Timeliness, fairness, respect, helpfulness

HOW DO INTERNSHIPS EFFECT OFFERS?

BACHELOR'S	Internships	Receive Offers	
		NO	YES
	0	48%	16%
	1	36%	39%
	2	12%	26%
	>2	4%	20%

67% of Bachelor's IS graduates have **1 or more internships**

2.2 times more likely to get a job offer¹

84% of the offers went to students with **1 or more internships**

MASTER'S	Internships	Receive Offers	
		NO	YES
	0	56%	35%
	1	26%	39%
	2	14%	16%
	>2	4%	12%

49% of Master's IS graduates have **1 or more internships**

1.7 times more likely to get a job offer²

65% of the offers went to students with **1 or more internships**

1. Logistic regression including gender, race, origin, university, applications, experience, internships, search hours, and knowledge. RSQE = .262
 2. Logistic regression including gender, race, origin, university, applications, experience, internships, search hours, and knowledge. RSQE = .189

Knowledge Level vs. Salary

BACHELOR'S

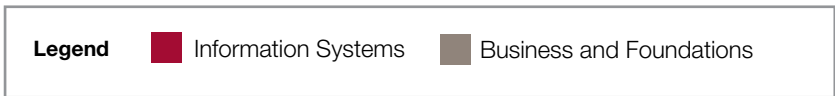
Awareness/Literacy



Concept/Use



Detailed Advanced Knowledge



MASTER'S

Awareness/Literacy



Concept/Use



Detailed Advanced Knowledge



SKILL LEVEL DESCRIPTIONS

LITTLE KNOWLEDGE

AWARENESS

Define, list characteristics, name components, list advantage/disadvantages

LITERACY

Can compare and contrast, explain, execute, define capabilities, describe interrelations, describe framework

CONCEPT/USE

Can use, communicate the idea of, form abstraction, extrapolate, list concepts, comprehension and ability to use the knowledge

DETAILED UNDERSTANDING/ APPLICATION ABILITY

Detailed understanding, search for and apply correct solution, design and implement, apply the principles, can select the right thing and use

ADVANCED

Develop, originate, construct, evaluate, judge relative value

Source: Topi et al. "IS 2010 Curriculum Guidelines..." CAIS, 2010

It Does Pay to Study: IS Bachelor's received **significantly higher salary offers** when they report advanced IS, business, and foundational knowledge in contrast to just awareness/literacy¹

KNOWLEDGE DEFINITIONS

IS KNOWLEDGE

- > Improving Organizational Processes
- > Exploiting Opportunities Created by Technology Innovations
- > Understanding and Addressing Information Requirements
- > Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture
- > Identifying and Evaluating Solution and Sourcing Alternatives
- > Software Development
- > Securing Data and Infrastructure
- > Understanding, Managing, and Controlling IT Risks

BUSINESS AND FOUNDATIONAL KNOWLEDGE

- > Improving Organizational Processes
- > Exploiting Opportunities Created by Technology Innovations
- > Understanding and Addressing Information Requirements
- > Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture
- > Identifying and Evaluating Solution and Sourcing Alternatives
- > Software Development
- > Securing Data and Infrastructure
- > Understanding, managing, and controlling IT Risks

Source: Adapted from Topi et al. (2010) "IS 2010: Curriculum Guidelines..." CAIS, Vol. 26, Article 18, 2010

Top and Bottom 3 Knowledge Self Ratings

BACHELOR'S

	2017	2015	2013
TOP 3 ↑	1 Communication	Communication	Communication
	2 Analytical and Critical Thinking	Analytical and Critical Thinking	Analytical and Critical Thinking
	3 Leadership and Collaboration	Leadership and Collaboration	Leadership and Collaboration
BOTTOM 3 ↓	1 Securing Data and Infrastructure	Securing Data and Infrastructure	Securing Data and Infrastructure
	2 Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture	Software Development	Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture
	3 Software Development	Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture	Identifying and Evaluating Solution and Sourcing Alternatives

IS Bachelor's and Master's are **consistently confident** about their communication, leadership, collaboration, analytical, and critical thinking skills.

Verbal and written communication, problem solving, and ability to work in a team are the **top skills that employers seek** in candidates²

MASTER'S

	2017	2015	2013
TOP 3 ↑	1 Communication	Communication	Communication
	2 Analytical and Critical Thinking	Analytical and Critical Thinking	Analytical and Critical Thinking
	3 Leadership and Collaboration	Leadership and Collaboration	Understanding and Addressing Information Requirements
BOTTOM 3 ↓	1 Securing Data and Infrastructure	Securing Data and Infrastructure	Securing Data and Infrastructure
	2 Understanding Managing and Controlling IT Risks	Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture	Understanding Managing and Controlling IT Risks
	3 Designing and Managing Enterprise Architecture	Software Development	Identifying and Evaluating Solution and Sourcing Alternatives

About the Authors



Dr. Munir Mandviwalla

Dr. Munir Mandviwalla is Associate Professor of Management Information Systems at the Fox School of Business, Temple University. He is also the Executive Director of the Institute for Business and Information Technology. Dr. Mandviwalla has published articles on collaborative systems, social media, virtual teams, software training, peer review, globalization, and universal access and use. His most recent work includes studies of design science, social media strategy, broadband policy, and industry academic collaboration.

His publications have appeared in *Management Information Systems Quarterly (MISQ)*, *Information Systems Research (ISR)*, *ACM Transactions on Computer Human Interaction*, *Journal of Management Information Systems (JMIS)*, *Journal of the Association for Information Systems (JAIS)*, *Information Systems Journal (ISJ)*, *MIS Quarterly Executive (MISQE)*, *Decision Support Systems (DSS)*, *Small Group Research*, *Communications of the ACM (CACM)*, and *Public Administration Review*.

His work has been supported by grants from the National Science Foundation (NSF), SIM Advanced Practices Council, Lockheed Martin, Bell Atlantic, IBM, Microsoft Corporation, CIGNA Corporation, Advanta Corporation, Lotus Development Corporation, and Lilly Endowment, Inc. Mandviwalla has taught the capstone course for the BBA in MIS at the Fox School, and the introduction to information systems course for the Fox School's MS Digital Innovation in Marketing, EMBA, and MBA programs. He has also taught executive education seminars on systems thinking for major firms such as NBCUniversal and QVC.

In 2000, IBM selected him for their Faculty Partnership Award in recognition for contributions to E-Business teaching and research. In 2002, The Claremont Graduate University recognized him with their Alumni Hall of Fame award. He received the Association for Information Systems Award for Outstanding Contribution to Information Systems Education in 2016. The students in the MS Digital Innovation in Marketing program selected him as Faculty of the Program in 2016.



Dr. Crystal Harold

Dr. Crystal Harold (PhD, Industrial/Organizational Psychology, George Mason University) is an Associate Professor in the Department of Human Resource Management at the Fox School of Business, Temple University. Prior to joining the Fox School of Business, she was an Assistant Professor in the Purdue School of Science at IUPUI and also worked as a Strategic Human Resources Consultant for numerous governmental agencies such as the Air Force, The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA), and Department of the Interior (DOI).

Her research focuses on issues related to employee recruitment (in particular the role of PE fit and fairness) and the impact of management practices and characteristics that engender perceptions of workplace fairness and counterproductive behaviors. Her work appears in top OB/HRM outlets including *Journal of Applied Psychology*, *Personnel Psychology*, *Journal of Management*, and *Journal of Organizational Behavior*. She serves on the editorial boards of *Personnel Psychology* and the *Journal of Occupational and Organizational Psychology*. Findings from her research have been discussed in numerous media outlets including the CBS Early Show, Strategy + Business, The Telegraph, and The Chronicle of Higher Education. Dr. Harold was awarded a 2005 APA Dissertation Award and the HUMRRO Fellowship in I/O Psychology. In recognition of her research and teaching accomplishments, she was recently appointed a Cigna Research Fellow, a Dean's Teaching Fellow, and the Adrisani-Frank Undergraduate Teaching Award.



Maria Boggi

Maria Boggi is a rising junior studying Management Information Systems in the Fox School of Business, Temple University. She is in the Fox and University Honors program, a member of Phi Theta Kappa and Beta Gamma Sigma Honor societies, and the Dean's list.

At the start of her collegiate path, Maria started an alternative spring break program with the Norristown Crisis Intervention center to help educate students on the importance of mental health and provide opportunities to give back to the community. Professionally, Maria has worked as a server at Del Frisco's and Capital Grille restaurant groups where she rose to develop training programs for others and innovations to exceed guest expectations.

She recently received a university wide Creative Arts, Research and Scholarship (CARAS) grant to study the information systems job market. On track to graduate in 2019, Maria is currently working as a research assistant and diamond peer teacher. In the summer of 2017, Maria will intern at PwC's Philadelphia office as a Risk Assurance Advance Associate.

The IBIT Report

The IBIT Report is a publication for the members of the Fox School's Institute for Business and Information Technology. IBIT reports provide actionable knowledge to industry based on rigorous academic research and vendor neutral analysis. Each report focuses on an important topic of interest to our members.

ibit.temple.edu

Thanks to the following organizations for making the 2017 report possible.



Learn more at isjobindex.com



ASSOCIATION FOR
INFORMATION SYSTEMS



Fox School of Business
TEMPLE UNIVERSITY®